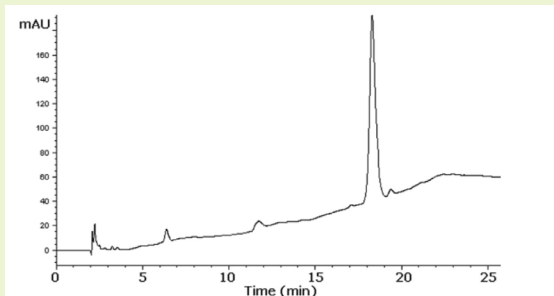


# Monoclonal anti-a1-glycoprotein

## From Mouse



### Method Conditions

**Column:** Cogent Bidentate C8 300™, 5µm, 300Å

**Catalog No.:** 40008-75P-3M

**Dimensions:** 4.6 x 75 mm

**Solvents:** A: DI H<sub>2</sub>O/ 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid (TFA)

B: Acetonitrile/ 0.1% TFA

Gradient:	time (min.)	%B
	0	15
	20	50
	25	50
	25.1	15

**Post Time:** 5 min

**Injection vol.:** 1µL

**Flow rate:** 0.5 mL/min

**Detection:** UV 214 nm

**Sample:** Monoclonal anti-a1-glycoprotein, mouse O43H4848 in 0.05% w/v in DI H<sub>2</sub>O

### Discussion

For the last few decades glycoproteins have been a subject of interest to biochemists and biologists in many fields. These proteins are found in plasma and other biological fluids and they serve many functions in nearly every physiological process of living organisms. These macromolecules consist of a peptide chain and one or more carbohydrates linked to them. The simple gradient method used in this note for the analysis is very reproducible (%RSD about 1.5). The equilibration time between samples is very short. The peak is symmetrical and easy to integrate.

**Notes:** This glycoprotein is associated with inflammatory response and its related conditions such as rheumatoid arthritis.