

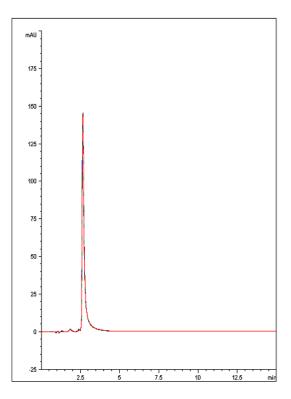
Ritonavir Analyzed with HPLC - AppNote

A Reproducible Method for Analysis of a Protease Inhibitor

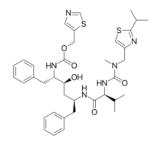
Click *HERE* for Column Ordering Information.

A rapid, sensitive, and Reproducible Method has been developed for this Antiretroviral Medication. The data below, *(an overlay of 10 chromatograms)* illustrates how the compound can be adequately Retained and detected using this straightforward Method.

A Phenyl ring in the Column Stationary Phase provides strategic use of π - π Interaction with the Analyte making possible the use of a very simple, Mass Spec-friendly Mobile Phase with Formic Acid as an additive.



10 Injections of Ritonavir



Method Conditions Column: Cogent Phenyl Hydride[™], 4µm, 100Å Catalog No.: 69020-10P Printed from the Chrom Resource Center Copyright 2024, All Rights Apply **MicroSolv Technology Corporation** 9158 Industrial Blvd. NE, Leland, NC 28451 tel. (732) 380-8900, fax (910) 769-9435 Email: customers@mtc-usa.com Website: www.mtc-usa.com



Dimensions: 4.6mm x 100mm Mobile Phase: (65:35) Acetonitrile / DI Water with 0.1% Formic Acid Injection vol.: 5µL Flow rate: 1.0mL / minute Detection: UV @ 254nm Sample Preparation: Ritonavir standard prepared as 1.0mg / mL Standard Solution in Mobile Phase to: 1.20 Minutes K: 1.2

Notes: Ritonavir was initially developed as an independent Antiviral Agent but has been shown to possess advantageous properties in combination regimens with low-dose Ritonavir and other Protease Inhibitors. Currently, it is more commonly used as a booster of other Protease Inhibitors.



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