

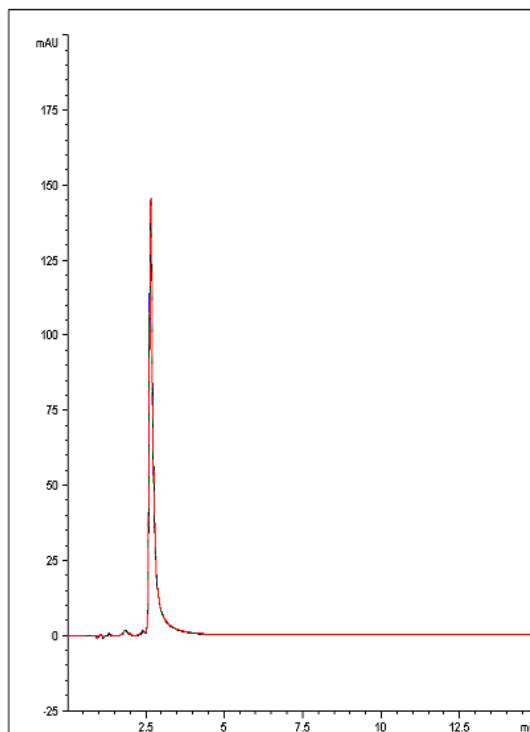
## Ritonavir Analyzed with HPLC – AppNote

### A Reproducible Method for Analysis of a Protease Inhibitor

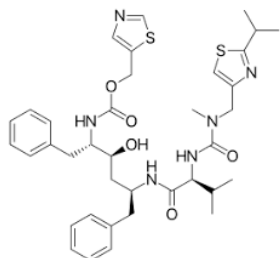
Click [HERE](#) for Column Ordering Information.

A rapid, sensitive, and Reproducible Method has been developed for this Antiretroviral Medication. The data below, (*an overlay of 10 chromatograms*) illustrates how the compound can be adequately Retained and detected using this straightforward Method.

A Phenyl ring in the Column Stationary Phase provides strategic use of  $\pi$ - $\pi$  Interaction with the Analyte making possible the use of a very simple, Mass Spec-friendly Mobile Phase with Formic Acid as an additive.



**10 Injections of Ritonavir**



### Method Conditions

**Column:** Cogent Phenyl Hydride™, 4μm, 100Å

**Catalog No.:** 69020-10P

**Dimensions:** 4.6mm x 100mm

**Mobile Phase:** (65:35) Acetonitrile / DI Water with 0.1% Formic Acid

**Injection vol.:** 5μL

**Flow rate:** 1.0mL / minute

**Detection:** UV @ 254nm

**Sample Preparation:** Ritonavir standard prepared as 1.0mg / mL Standard Solution in Mobile Phase

**t<sub>0</sub>:** 1.20 Minutes

**K:** 1.2

*Notes: Ritonavir was initially developed as an independent Antiviral Agent but has been shown to possess advantageous properties in combination regimens with low-dose Ritonavir and other Protease Inhibitors. Currently, it is more commonly used as a booster of other Protease Inhibitors.*

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