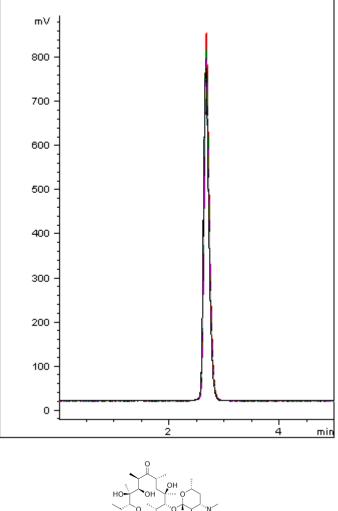
MICROS

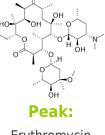
Retention of Erythromycin analyzed with ELSD – $\ensuremath{\mathsf{AppNote}}$

Erythromycin, a macrolide antibiotic

As this compound lacks chromophores, it typically requires derivatization for use in UV detection. In this method, we retain excellent peak shape without the need for these pre-column derivatization steps saving time and resources.

RSD values (less than 0.5%) demonstrate the consistent and reliable retention, as shown in the 10 injections overlay below.





Erythromycin

Method Conditions:

Column: Cogent Diamond Hydride[™], 4µm, 100Å. Catalog No.: 70000-10P

MICROS

Dimensions: 4.6mm x 100mm Mobile Phase: 50% acetonitrile / 50% DI water / 0.1% formic acid Injection vol.: 1μL Flow rate: 1.0mL / minute. Detection: ELSD, gain: 9, temperature: 50°C, nitrogen: 3.5 bar. Sample Preparation: 2.0mg / mL Erythromycin HCL in DI water.

Notes: Erythromycin is a macrolide antibiotic used to treat bacterial infections and is also used to prevent recurrent rheumatic fever.



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