

Determine limits of detection LOD and limits of quantification LOQ - How To

The limits of detection (LOD) and quantification (LOQ) are evaluated using the following equations ^[1-4]:

$$\text{LOD}=3.3 S_0/b$$

$$\text{LOQ}=10 S_0/b$$

where S_0 is the standard deviation of the calibration line's y-intercept

where b is the slope of the linear regression line of best fit.

The limit should be subsequently validated by the analysis of a suitable number of samples known to be near or prepared at the quantitation limit.

References:

- [1] Ermer, J.; *Validation in pharmaceutical analysis. Part I: an integrated approach*; *Journal of Pharmaceutical and Biomedical Analysis*, (2001); 24: 755-767.
- [2] Perez-Bendito, D., Silva, M.; *Kinetic Meth. in Analytical Chemistry*; Chichester, Ellis Horwood, (1988), pp. 254.
- [3] Mottola, H.A.; *Kinetic Aspects of Analytical Chemistry*; New York, Wiley, (1988), pp. 40.
- [4] Thomsen, V., Schatzlein, D., Mercurio, D.; *Limits of detection in spectroscopy*; *Spectroscopy*, (2003); 18(12): 112-114.
- [5] Dolan, J.W.; *What's the Problem with the LLOQ? — A Case Study*, *LC-GC North America*, 31 (11), pp. 926-931.

Printed from the Chrom Resource Center

Copyright 2024, All Rights Apply

MicroSolv Technology Corporation

9158 Industrial Blvd. NE, Leland, NC 28451

tel. (732) 380-8900, fax (910) 769-9435

Email: customers@mtc-usa.com

Website: www.mtc-usa.com