

## How does the Cogent UDA HPLC column's ligand bond to the silica hydride surface – FAQ

**The simple answer is directly to the silica surface by silicon to carbon bonds**

For more details, the Cogent UDA™ HPLC column ligand is a C11 chain with a carboxylic acid on one end. On the other end, there are two orientations for how the ligand could be bonded to the Cogent TYPE-C™ Silica support.

The first orientation is shown in A. In this case, only one hydrosilation occurs from the starting reagent, resulting in a remaining double bond and a single point of attachment.

In the second orientation B, another hydrosilation occurs with structure A and a nearby Si-H group, resulting in no more double bonds. This requires that the other Si-H group is close enough to react. This is called a Bidentate attachment.

For the Cogent UDA™ HPLC columns, B is structure of the ligand.



Printed from the Chrom Resource Center

**MicroSolv Technology Corporation**

9158 Industrial Blvd. NE, Leland, NC 28451

tel. (732) 380-8900, fax (910) 769-9435

Email: [customers@mtc-usa.com](mailto:customers@mtc-usa.com)

Website: [www.mtc-usa.com](http://www.mtc-usa.com)

Date: 05-05-2024