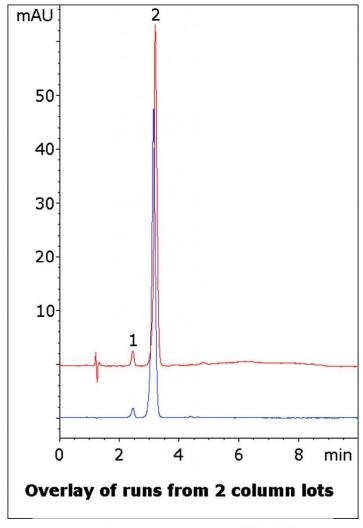


API Separation from Matrix Component

This Method for Analysis of Famotidine Tablets is easy to perform and produces a Symmetrical Peak Shape for the API. This compound has numerous amines which can be problematic in terms of Peak Shape with conventional Columns. Separation from a component from the tablet extract matrix is obtained as well, illustrating specificity of the Method.

Reproducibility is shown by the overlay of runs from two different Column lots.



Peaks:

1. Matrix Component

2. Famotidine

Printed from the Chrom Resource Center Copyright 2024, All Rights Apply

MicroSolv Technology Corporation

9158 Industrial Blvd. NE, Leland, NC 28451 tel. (732) 380-8900, fax (910) 769-9435

Email: customers@mtc-usa.com

Website: www.mtc-usa.com

Method Conditions

Column: Cogent Diamond Hydride™, 4µm, 100Å

Catalog No.: 70000-7.5P



Dimensions: 4.6 x 75mm

Mobile Phase:

A: DI Water with 0.1% Trifluoroacetic Acid (TFA) v/v

B: Acetonitrile with 0.1% Trifluoroacetic Acid (TFA) v/v

Gradient:

Time (minutes)	%B
0	95
2	95
6	50
7	95

Post Time: 3 minutes
Injection vol.: 1µL

Flow rate: 1.0mL / minute Detection: UV @ 265nm

Sample Preparation: 10mg strength Famotidine tablet was ground and added to a 25mL volumetric flask. A portion of 50:50 Solvent A / Solvent B diluent was added and the flask was sonicated 10 minutes. It was then diluted to mark and filtered with a 0.45µm Nylon Syringe Filter (MicroSolv Tech Corp.).

to: 0.9 minutes



Attachment

No 221 Famotidine Tablet Analyzed with HPLC pdf 0.4 Mb Download File

Printed from the Chrom Resource Center

Copyright 2024, All Rights Apply

MicroSolv Technology Corporation

9158 Industrial Blvd. NE, Leland, NC 28451 tel. (732) 380-8900, fax (910) 769-9435

Email: customers@mtc-usa.com

Website: www.mtc-usa.com