

pKa Values of Common Capillary Electrophoresis Buffers

The dissociation constant (pK) is the pH at which 50% of a compound is protonated. Some compounds will have more than one pK. This can be the same or differ from the compound's pI or isoelectric point.

Buffer	pK
Acetate	4.75
Boric (pK1)	9.14
Boric (pK2)	12.74
Boric (pK3)	13.80
CAPS	10.40
Citrate (pK2)	4.76
Citric (pK2)	5.95
Citric (pK3)	6.39
Citric (pKa1)	3.14
Glycine (pK2)	9.6
Glycine (pK1)	2.3
Maleic (pK1)	1.9
Maleic (pK2)	6.2
Malic (pK1)	3.40
Malic (pK2)	5.11
MES	6.15
Phosphate (pK1)	2.15
Phosphate (pK2)	7.21
Phosphate (pK3)	12.67
Sodium Benzoate	4.2
Sulfurous (pK1)	1.81
Sulfurous (pK2)	6.91
Tetra Borate (pK1)	4.00
Tetra Borate (pK2)	9.00
Tris	8.3

Printed from the Chrom Resource Center

MicroSolv Technology Corporation

9158 Industrial Blvd. NE, Leland, NC 28451

tel. (732) 380-8900, fax (910) 769-9435

Email: customers@mtc-usa.com

Website: www.mtc-usa.com

Date: 03-05-2024